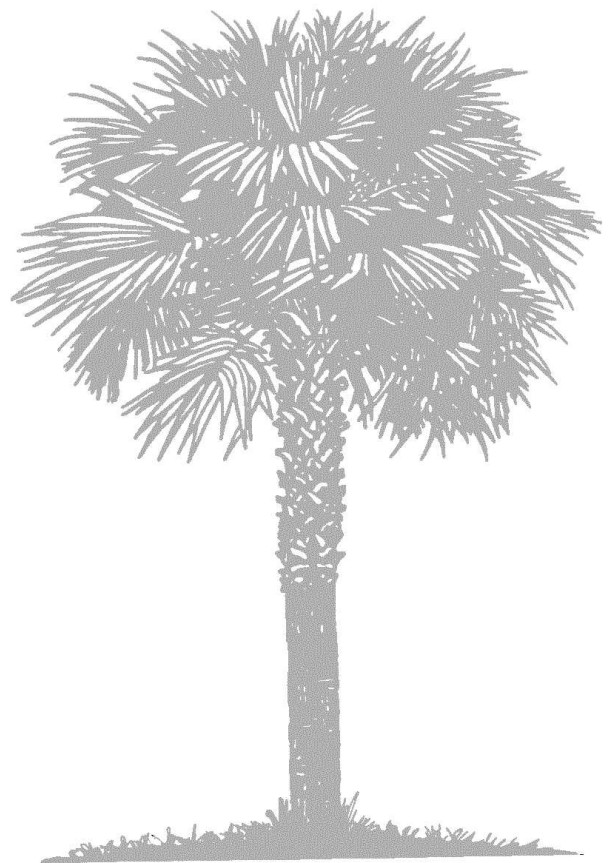

Statistical Section *(Unaudited)*



This section presents certain economic and social data and financial trends over a ten-year period.

Expenditures by Function

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES^a

Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Expressed in Thousands)

Function	1993	1994	1995	1996
General government ^e	\$ 247,452	\$ 399,456	\$ 352,015	\$ 330,519
Education	254,464	293,158	322,219	379,984
Individual and family services ^b	2,682,162	—	—	—
Health and environment ^{b, c}	—	2,166,088	2,320,642	2,946,457
Social services ^b	—	678,772	697,958	709,747
Administration of justice.....	312,961	405,503	457,008	488,425
Resources and economic development.....	131,021	138,937	139,635	155,302
Transportation.....	290,740	214,574	203,837	218,366
Capital outlay ^d	24,572	391,848	385,698	398,776
Debt service:				
Principal retirement.....	104,316	82,602	88,765	82,997
Interest and fiscal charges.....	53,316	49,107	48,796	50,574
Intergovernmental.....	2,096,679	2,157,866	2,358,823	2,636,440
Total expenditures.....	\$ 6,197,683	\$ 6,977,911	\$ 7,375,396	\$ 8,397,587

^a General governmental fund types include the General Fund and special revenue funds.

^b Beginning July 1, 1993, individual and family services expenditures were divided into two new functional expenditure categories--health and environment expenditures and social services expenditures. Prior years were not restated for this change.

^c Before July 1, 1995, the State used an agency fund to account for Medicaid assistance that the South Carolina Department of Health and Human Services paid to other State agency providers. Effective July 1, 1995, the State began classifying these transactions as quasi-external transactions (interfund services provided and used) in the governmental fund types. Prior years were not restated for this change.

^d Until July 1, 1993, all highway construction projects were included as expenditures of the Capital Projects Fund. Since July 1, 1993, these projects have been recorded in the special revenue funds.

^e Until July 1, 2001, the State Infrastructure Bank (the Bank) was reported as part of the general government function. Since July 1, 2001, the Bank has been reported as part of the transportation function. Prior years were not restated for this change.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
\$ 351,156	\$ 352,065	\$ 355,558	\$ 422,935	\$ 488,865	\$ 491,678
326,103	318,558	355,927	403,453	443,540	485,131
—	—	—	—	—	—
3,032,995	3,121,887	3,443,809	3,600,808	4,200,086	4,218,410
700,442	662,912	648,689	674,353	720,602	803,304
543,456	592,556	632,872	694,845	716,462	644,270
150,131	160,242	159,546	180,403	198,351	180,011
230,384	281,021	303,824	518,584	324,207	435,384
436,798	396,801	453,708	527,769	589,107	535,512
97,728	110,076	90,786	107,621	139,977	185,031
53,493	51,132	55,193	81,632	102,435	226,568
<u>2,805,584</u>	<u>3,032,018</u>	<u>3,262,640</u>	<u>3,874,298</u>	<u>4,132,596</u>	<u>4,530,261</u>
<u>\$ 8,728,270</u>	<u>\$ 9,079,268</u>	<u>\$ 9,762,552</u>	<u>\$ 11,086,701</u>	<u>\$ 12,056,228</u>	<u>\$ 12,735,560</u>

Revenues by Source

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES^a

Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Expressed in Thousands)

Sources	1993	1994	1995	1996
Taxes:				
Individual income.....	\$ 1,481,592	\$ 1,519,030	\$ 1,646,375	\$ 1,809,287
Retail sales and use.....	1,628,766	1,756,157	1,892,801	2,034,484
Other.....	983,546	999,077	1,059,846	1,149,342
Licenses, fees, and permits.....	300,699	307,939	255,570	243,502
Interest and other investment				
income.....	44,702	48,596	82,412	98,728
Federal, local, and private grants.....	2,228,180	2,582,498	2,787,132	2,907,661
Departmental services ^b	153,781	161,375	215,485	535,117
Contributions	101,242	82,507	89,797	106,606
Fines and penalties.....	44,182	51,926	54,881	55,340
Tobacco legal settlement.....	—	—	—	—
Other.....	52,796	53,195	59,716	73,639
Total revenues.....	\$ 7,019,486	\$ 7,562,300	\$ 8,144,015	\$ 9,013,706

^a General governmental fund types include the General Fund and special revenue funds.

^b Before July 1, 1995, the State used an agency fund to account for Medicaid assistance that the South Carolina Department of Health and Human Services paid to other State agency providers. Effective July 1, 1995, the State began classifying these transactions as quasi-external transactions (interfund services provided/used) in the governmental fund types. Prior years were not restated for this change.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>
\$ 1,927,600	\$ 2,103,799	\$ 2,282,509	\$ 2,453,465	\$ 2,492,877	\$ 2,340,840
2,141,864	2,304,004	2,521,264	2,676,686	2,705,207	2,771,191
1,163,889	1,190,605	1,274,366	1,227,671	1,241,362	1,241,065
258,960	281,242	290,530	306,067	309,017	269,917
113,199	130,155	122,002	154,753	243,201	195,225
3,087,312	3,213,004	3,445,858	3,708,958	4,172,450	4,573,972
533,395	540,047	539,863	539,549	563,667	637,718
115,739	155,137	192,852	251,335	159,357	178,228
58,170	61,744	69,862	69,017	74,959	82,878
—	—	—	96,274	73,747	88,291
70,424	81,067	80,220	83,650	100,569	120,275
<u><u>\$ 9,470,552</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 10,060,804</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 10,819,326</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 11,567,425</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 12,136,413</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 12,499,600</u></u>

Income and Sales Tax Rates

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Individual Income Tax	Corporate Income Tax	Retail Sales Tax^a
1993	2.50 - 7%	5%	5%
1994	2.50 - 7%	5%	5%
1995	2.50 - 7%	5%	5%
1996	2.50 - 7%	5%	5%
1997	2.50 - 7%	5%	5%
1998	2.50 - 7%	5%	5%
1999	2.50 - 7%	5%	5%
2000	2.50 - 7%	5%	5%
2001	2.50 - 7%	5%	5%
2002	2.50 - 7%	5%	5%

^a Excludes the 2% accommodations tax and the local option sales tax; includes the 4% retail sales tax and 1% Education Improvement Act sales tax.

Source: Department of Revenue.

Net General Obligation Bonds and Notes Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Population^a (Thousands)	Gross Bonded Debt^b (Thousands)	Debt Payable From Higher Education Fund (Thousands)	Net General Bonded Debt^c (Thousands)	Net General Bonded Debt Per Capita
1993	3,663	\$ 884,025	\$ 43,230	\$ 840,795	\$ 229.54
1994	3,705	929,571	40,420	889,151	239.99
1995	3,749	898,047	44,345	853,702	227.71
1996	3,796	1,007,394	41,900	965,494	254.35
1997	3,860	1,052,173	85,365	966,808	250.47
1998	3,919	1,036,642	84,465	952,177	242.96
1999	3,975	1,218,872	78,305	1,140,567	286.94
2000	4,023	1,493,551	99,945	1,393,606	346.41
2001	4,063	2,151,806	96,310	2,055,496	505.91
2002	4,094	2,348,630	142,635	2,205,995	538.84

^a Source: Office of Research and Statistics, State Budget and Control Board. Population statistic for 2002 is projected.

^b Includes general obligation bonds payable and general obligation bond anticipation notes reported as governmental activities or in the Higher Education Fund; also includes notes payable reported as governmental activities.

^c Net general bonded debt is the gross general bonded debt less the general obligation debt payable not expected to be repaid through general governmental resources (e.g., the debt payable from the Higher Education Fund).

Note: Assessed value data is not presented because the State of South Carolina does not receive property tax revenue.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

June 30, 2002

(Expressed in Thousands)

Section 59-107-90 of the South Carolina Code of Laws states that the maximum amount of annual debt service on institution bonds for each institution shall not exceed ninety percent of the sums received from tuition fees for the preceding fiscal year.

Section 57-11-240 of the South Carolina Code of Laws and Article X, Section 13 of the South Carolina Constitution state that highway bonds may be issued if such bonds are additionally secured by a pledge of revenues designated by the General Assembly for State highway purposes from taxes or licenses imposed for using the public highways of the State. The maximum annual debt service on all highway bonds shall not exceed fifteen percent of

the proceeds received from the designated revenues for the fiscal year next preceding.

Furthermore, Section 11-11-430 states: "The issuance of general obligation bonds of the State must be limited so that the maximum annual debt service on all general obligation bonds of the State (excluding highway bonds, State institution bonds, tax anticipation notes, and bond anticipation notes) may not exceed five percent of the general revenues of the State for the fiscal year next preceding (excluding revenues which are authorized to be pledged for State highway bonds and State institution bonds)."

INSTITUTION BONDS

Institution	Prior Year Revenues	90% Computation	Maximum Debt Service	Margin
The Citadel.....	\$ 528	\$ 475	\$ 461	\$ 14
Clemson University.....	4,325	3,893	1,542	2,351
University of South Carolina.....	8,501	7,651	6,987	664
Winthrop University.....	887	798	665	133
Medical University of South Carolina..	10,295	9,266	4,300	4,966
Greenville Technical College.....	179	161	106	55
Midlands Technical College.....	1,000	900	832	68
Central Carolina Technical College....	270	243	202	41
Tri-County Technical College.....	1,038	934	735	199
Totals.....	\$ 27,023	\$ 24,321	\$ 15,830	\$ 8,491

HIGHWAY BONDS

2000-2001 Budgetary General Fund revenues pledged for highway bonds.....	\$ 57,103
2000-2001 other revenues pledged for highway bonds.....	477,615
2000-2001 revenues pledged for highway bonds.....	534,718
15% of 2000-2001 revenues pledged for highway bonds.....	80,208
Less: maximum annual debt service for highway bonds ^a	60,283
Legal debt service margin at June 30, 2002--highway bonds.....	\$ 19,925

^a As of June 30, 2002, the maximum annual debt service will occur in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009.

Continued on Next Page

Computation of Legal Debt Margin (Continued)**June 30, 2002****(Expressed in Thousands)****GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (EXCLUDING INSTITUTION AND HIGHWAY BONDS AND BANS)**

2000-2001 Budgetary General Fund revenues	\$	5,080,324
Less: 2000-2001 Budgetary General Fund revenues pledged for highway bonds ^a		57,103
2000-2001 net Budgetary General Fund revenues.....		5,023,221
5% of 2000-2001 net Budgetary General Fund revenues.....		251,161
Less: maximum annual debt service for general obligation bonds excluding institution and highway bonds and bond anticipation notes ^b		221,644
Legal debt service margin at June 30, 2002--general obligation bonds excluding institution and highway bonds and bond anticipation notes.....	\$	29,517

^a For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, there were no net Budgetary General Fund revenues pledged for institution bonds or bond anticipation notes.

^b As of June 30, 2002, the maximum annual debt service will occur in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures^a

Last Ten Fiscal Years**(Expressed in Thousands)**

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
1993	\$ 104,316	\$ 53,316	\$ 157,632	\$ 6,197,683	2.54%
1994	82,602	49,107	131,709	6,977,911	1.89%
1995	88,765	48,796	137,561	7,375,396	1.87%
1996	82,997	50,574	133,571	8,397,587	1.59%
1997	97,728	53,493	151,221	8,728,270	1.73%
1998	110,076	51,132	161,208	9,079,268	1.78%
1999	90,786	55,193	145,979	9,762,552	1.50%
2000	107,621	81,632	189,253	11,086,701	1.71%
2001	139,977	102,435	242,412	12,056,228	2.01%
2002	185,031	226,568	411,599	12,735,560	3.23%

^a General Governmental Expenditures include the General and Special Revenue Funds.

Revenue Bond Coverage—Enterprise Funds^a

Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Dollars in Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Debt Service Requirements			Coverage Ratio
		Principal	Interest	Total	
The Citadel—1997 Revenue Bonds					
1998	\$ 3,080	\$ 735	\$ 609	\$ 1,344	2.29
1999	3,767	870	1,182	2,052	1.84
2000	3,734	905	1,138	2,043	1.83
2001	3,979	955	1,094	2,049	1.94
2002	4,343	990	1,048	2,038	2.13
The Citadel—2001 Athletic Facilities Revenue Bonds					
2002	\$ 1,895	\$ —	\$ 122	\$ 122	15.53
Clemson University—1998 Plant Improvement Bonds					
1999	\$ 1,160	\$ —	\$ 348	\$ 348	3.33
2000	1,114	70	298	368	3.03
2001	1,204	70	295	365	3.30
2002	1,177	570	292	862	1.37
Clemson University—2001 Athletic Facilities Revenue Bonds					
2002	\$ 3,360	\$ 1,025	\$ 823	\$ 1,848	1.82
Clemson University—1998 Revenue Bonds					
1998	\$ 7,392	\$ 1,395	\$ 467	\$ 1,862	3.97
1999	6,848	2,325	1,339	3,664	1.87
2000	8,437	2,340	1,235	3,575	2.36
2001	9,116	2,340	2,398	4,738	1.92
2002	10,760	2,445	2,290	4,735	2.27
Coastal Carolina University—1999 Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds					
2000	\$ 2,875	\$ 320	\$ 1,573	\$ 1,893	1.52
2001	3,127	635	1,554	2,189	1.43
2002	3,637	675	1,520	2,195	1.66
College of Charleston—1992 Plant Improvement Bonds					
1993	\$ 2,073	\$ 395	\$ 420	\$ 815	2.54
1994	1,988	485	429	914	2.18
1995	2,047	565	393	958	2.14
1996	2,075	595	354	949	2.19
1997	1,152	600	319	919	1.25
1998	1,088	615	289	904	1.20
1999	1,024	630	259	889	1.15
2000	1,096	465	233	698	1.57
2001	1,098	505	209	714	1.54
2002	1,141	545	182	727	1.57

^aAll of the bonds described in this schedule are accounted for in the Higher Education Fund, a major enterprise fund.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Debt Service Requirements			Coverage Ratio
		Principal	Interest	Total	
College of Charleston—1992 Revenue Bonds					
1993	\$ 1,853	\$ 489	\$ 1,061	\$ 1,550	1.20
1994	2,134	595	1,108	1,703	1.25
1995	2,302	625	1,076	1,701	1.35
1996	2,081	655	1,048	1,703	1.22
1997	2,414	685	1,015	1,700	1.42
1998	2,211	715	982	1,697	1.30
1999	2,814	750	954	1,704	1.65
2000	2,363	785	907	1,692	1.40
2001	2,425	825	865	1,690	1.43
2002	1,830	865	822	1,687	1.08
Francis Marion University—1999 Revenue Bonds					
2000	\$ 1,272	\$ 885	\$ 300	\$ 1,185	1.07
2001	1,542	930	250	1,180	1.31
2002	1,506	980	216	1,196	1.26
Medical University of South Carolina—1986 Parking Facilities Revenue Bonds					
1993	\$ 1,101	\$ 275	\$ 437	\$ 712	1.55
1994	943	290	420	710	1.33
1995	961	305	403	708	1.36
1996	1,039	325	383	708	1.47
1997	1,406	345	361	706	1.99
1998	1,467	375	338	713	2.06
1999	1,545	395	312	707	2.19
2000	1,336	425	284	709	1.88
2001	1,518	455	254	709	2.14
2002	2,204	490	221	711	3.10
South Carolina State University—1991 Student Revenue Bonds					
1993	\$ 718	\$ 40	\$ 296	\$ 336	2.14
1994	681	80	294	374	1.82
1995	379	125	290	415	0.91
1996	517	170	284	454	1.14
1997	(106)	175	276	451	(0.24)
1998	(553)	185	266	451	(1.23)
1999	111	195	256	451	0.25
2000	289	205	246	451	0.64
2001	248	220	234	454	0.55
2002	459	230	222	452	1.02

Continued on Next Page

Revenue Bond Coverage—Enterprise Funds^a (Continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Dollars in Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Debt Service Requirements			Coverage Ratio
		Principal	Interest	Total	
South Carolina State University—1993 Stadium Improvement Revenue Bonds					
1994	\$ (338)	\$ —	\$ 57	\$ 57	(5.93)
1995	(682)	110	138	248	(2.75)
1996	(762)	110	134	244	(3.12)
1997	(1,016)	115	130	245	(4.15)
1998	(732)	120	128	248	(2.95)
1999	(741)	125	122	247	(3.00)
2000	(791)	125	118	243	(3.26)
2001	(1,384)	135	112	247	(5.60)
2002	(3,946)	140	108	248	(15.91)
Spartanburg Technical College—1999 Special Student Fee Capital Improvement Bonds					
2000	\$ 326	\$ 213	\$ 85	\$ 298	1.09
2001	332	153	145	298	1.11
2002	389	160	138	298	1.31
Spartanburg Technical College—2001 Special Fee Capital Improvement Bonds					
2002	\$ 370	\$ 129	\$ 115	\$ 244	1.52
University of South Carolina Aiken Campus—1999 Auxiliary Revenue Bonds					
2000	\$ 407	\$ 160	\$ 247	\$ 407	1.00
2001	386	165	221	386	1.00
2002	389	175	214	389	1.00
University of South Carolina Columbia Campus—1995 Parking Facilitites					
1996	\$ 237	\$ —	\$ 237	\$ 237	1.00
1997	1,054	580	474	1,054	1.00
1998	1,051	605	446	1,051	1.00
1999	1,032	615	417	1,032	1.00
2000	1,033	645	388	1,033	1.00
2001	1,007	650	357	1,007	1.00
2002	987	660	327	987	1.00
University of South Carolina Columbia Campus—1996 Auxiliary Revenue Bonds					
1997	\$ 1,099	\$ —	\$ 1,099	\$ 1,099	1.00
1998	1,781	315	1,466	1,781	1.00
1999	1,779	335	1,444	1,779	1.00
2000	1,786	365	1,421	1,786	1.00
2001	1,787	390	1,397	1,787	1.00
2002	1,790	420	1,370	1,790	1.00
University of South Carolina Columbia Campus—2000 Auxiliary Revenue Bonds					
2001	\$ 1,449	\$ 270	\$ 1,179	\$ 1,449	1.00
2002	1,470	305	1,165	1,470	1.00

^aAll of the bonds described in this schedule are accounted for in the Higher Education Fund, a major enterprise fund.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Debt Service Requirements			Coverage Ratio	
		Principal	Interest	Total		
University of South Carolina Spartanburg Campus—1997 Auxiliary Revenue Bonds						
1998	\$ 414	\$ 130	\$ 284	\$ 414	1.00	
1999	372	135	237	372	1.00	
2000	375	145	230	375	1.00	
2001	372	150	222	372	1.00	
2002	374	160	214	374	1.00	
Winthrop University—1997 Auxiliary Facilities Revenue Bonds						
1998	\$ 182	\$ 60	\$ 29	\$ 89	2.04	
1999	213	48	40	88	2.42	
2000	242	51	38	89	2.72	
2001	267	54	35	89	3.00	
2002	266	72	40	112	2.38	
Winthrop University—2001 Athletic Facilities Revenue Bonds						
2002	\$ 458	\$ 120	\$ 67	\$ 187	2.45	

Demographic Statistics

Last Ten Years

<u>Year</u>	<u>Population^a at June 30</u>	<u>Per Capita Income Year Ended December 31</u>	<u>Median Age^a (Years) at June 30</u>	<u>School Enrollment^c at June 30</u>	<u>Unemployment Rate^b at December 31</u>
1992	3,620,464	\$ 16,467 ^a	32.6	685,744	6.7%
1993	3,663,314	17,242 ^a	32.9	688,513	7.3%
1994	3,705,397	18,072 ^a	33.3	692,515	5.2%
1995	3,748,582	19,473 ^a	33.7	701,140	5.5%
1996	3,796,200	20,403 ^a	34.1	699,058	5.8%
1997	3,859,696	21,384 ^a	34.5	708,751	3.6%
1998	3,919,235	22,127 ^b	35.0	718,969	4.2%
1999	3,974,682	22,903 ^b	35.4	720,855	4.4%
2000	4,023,438	24,000 ^b	35.4	716,721	4.2%
2001	4,063,011	24,594 ^b	35.7	714,427	6.1%
2002	4,094,300	d	36.0	723,313	d

^aSource: Office of Research and Statistics, State Budget and Control Board. Population statistic for 2002 is projected.

^bSource: South Carolina Employment Security Commission.

^cSource: South Carolina Department of Education.

^dNot yet available.

Property Value, Construction, and Bank Deposits

Last Ten Years

(Dollars in Millions)

Year	Nonresidential Construction	Residential Construction ^a		Bank Deposits at December 31	Property Value ^b	
	Thousands of Square Feet at December 31	Number of Units at December 31	Value at December 31		Nonresidential at June 30	Residential at June 30
1991	17,272	19,309	\$ 1,372	\$ 29,528	\$ 39,089	\$ 41,220
1992	15,052	20,853	1,585	30,224	41,104	45,926
1993	15,840	21,186	1,662	31,005	43,084	50,963
1994	20,369	23,670	1,898	30,475	44,204	54,118
1995	22,345	22,400	1,826	33,035	45,334	57,987
1996	25,816	28,281	2,402	30,032	46,864	60,977
1997	31,397	27,984	2,430	23,515	48,409	63,905
1998	23,763	31,070	2,821	24,729	51,294	70,109
1999	26,181	32,894	3,261	25,921	57,699	77,131
2000	23,396	30,777	3,278	27,443	61,943	81,611
2001	26,424	27,975	3,183	29,269	d	d
2002	c	c	c	c	d	d

^a The residential construction statistics exclude mobile home permits.

^b Property taxes do not represent a source of revenue for the State.

^c Not yet available.

^d Due to legislation requiring that tax assessments be based on the prior year's property value, neither the 2001 nor 2002 information is yet available.

Sources: Board of Economic Advisors, State Budget and Control Board; Department of Revenue; University of South Carolina, Moore School of Business, Division of Research.

Largest Manufacturing Companies^a

December 31, 2001

<u>Name</u>	<u>Number of Plants in South Carolina</u>	<u>Number of Employees in South Carolina</u>
Washington Group International	1	12,500
Springs Industries, Incorporated.....	12	6,391
Michelin North America Incorporated.....	8	6,131
Robert Bosch GmbH.....	7	5,240
BMW AG.....	1	4,300
General Electric Company.....	2	4,000
West Point Stevens.....	4	3,754
AB Electrolux	2	3,500
Sealed Air Corporation.....	3	2,972
Ingersoll-Rand Company.....	4	2,634
KEMET Corporation.....	4	2,590
Gold Kist Incorporated.....	1	2,420
Owens Corning.....	5	2,059
Georgia-Pacific Corporation.....	12	1,980
Avondale Mills.....	8	1,923
Conbraco Industries Incorporated.....	4	1,921
Mohawk Industries Incorporated.....	5	1,878
Sonoco Products Company.....	3	1,783
Mead Westvaco Corporation.....	7	1,736
Nucor Corporation.....	4	1,725

^aBased on number of employees. This list includes all companies with 1,700 or more employees.

Source: South Carolina Department of Commerce

Miscellaneous Statistics

December 31, 2001 (Except as Noted)

Date of ratification--U. S. Constitution.....	1788 ^a
Form of government.....	Legislative-Executive-Judicial
Miles of State highways.....	66,158 ^b
Land area (square miles).....	30,111 ^c
State police protection:	
Police and sheriff agencies.....	302 ^d
Total number of sworn officers.....	10,420 ^d
Higher education (universities, colleges, and technical education centers):	
Number of campuses.....	61 ^e
Number of students.....	169,687 ^e
Recreation:	
Number of State parks and historical sites.....	53 ^f
Area of State parks.....	80,902 acres ^f
Area of State forests.....	73,730 acres ^g
State employees--all funds (at June 30, 2002).....	63,068 ^h

Sources:

^a2002 Legislative Manual

^bDepartment of Transportation

^cOffice of Research and Statistics, State Budget and Control Board

^dState Law Enforcement Division

^eCommission on Higher Education

^fDepartment of Parks, Recreation, and Tourism

^gForestry Commission

^hOffice of State Budget, State Budget and Control Board